## Calculating College Costs

This chart, provided by Mark Baniewicz, president of Socius Family Advisors, shows the amounts parents must save for a four-year college education depending on the current age of their child. The calculations assume a $5 \%$ rate of return and $3 \%$ annual tuition inflation. The amounts shown represent every $\$ 1,000$ in current college costs, making it easy to do the math for schools at different price points.

The first column, the total inflated cost of tuition, shows how much each $\$ 1,000$ of a four-year education will cost when factoring in $3 \%$ annual tuition inflation. The payment columns factor in $3 \%$ annual tuition inflation and a $5 \%$ rate of return. The discounts shown are compared to the total inflated cost of tuition. The lump sum payments indicate what parents must pay if they choose to fund their child's entire education at the age shown in the chart.

As for timing, Baniewicz says the periodic investments are made at the end of the period (the only exception is the lump sum) and the tuition expenses are made in one big annual sum at the beginning of each year. "Since compounding interest is such a strong force, even small errors in the return/inflation assumptions can make big differences," he says. "We generally recommend looking at where you are each year, making any necessary adjustments to the assumptions, and making any funding changes."

|  |  | Total Inflated | LUMP SUM |  | ANNUALLY |  | QUARTERLY |  | MONTHLY |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tuition | Payment | Discount | Payment | Discount | Payment | Discount | Payment | Discount |
| $\frac{\square}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\overline{1}}}$ | 0 | \$7,122 | \$2,750 | 61\% | \$235 | 41\% | \$58 | 41\% | \$19 | 41\% |
|  | 1 | \$6,915 | \$2,803 | 59\% | \$249 | 39\% | \$61 | 40\% | \$20 | 40\% |
|  | 2 | \$6,713 | \$2,858 | 57\% | \$264 | 37\% | \$65 | 38\% | \$22 | 38\% |
|  | 3 | \$6,518 | \$2,913 | 55\% | \$281 | 35\% | \$69 | 36\% | \$23 | 36\% |
|  | 4 | \$6,328 | \$2,970 | 53\% | \$300 | 34\% | \$74 | 34\% | \$25 | 35\% |
|  | 5 | \$6,144 | \$3,027 | 51\% | \$322 | 32\% | \$80 | 33\% | \$26 | 33\% |
|  | 6 | \$5,965 | \$3,086 | 48\% | \$348 | 30\% | \$86 | 31\% | \$29 | 31\% |
|  | 7 | \$5,791 | \$3,146 | 46\% | \$379 | 28\% | \$93 | 29\% | \$31 | 29\% |
|  | 8 | \$5,622 | \$3,207 | 43\% | \$415 | 26\% | \$102 | 27\% | \$34 | 27\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \bigcirc \\ & \amalg \\ & 0 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 9 | \$5,459 | \$3,269 | 40\% | \$460 | 24\% | \$113 | 25\% | \$38 | 26\% |
|  | 10 | \$5,300 | \$3,333 | 37\% | \$516 | 22\% | \$127 | 23\% | \$42 | 24\% |
|  | 11 | \$5,145 | \$3,398 | 34\% | \$587 | 20\% | \$145 | 21\% | \$48 | 22\% |
|  | 12 | \$4,995 | \$3,464 | 31\% | \$682 | 18\% | \$168 | 19\% | \$56 | 20\% |
|  | 13 | \$4,850 | \$3,531 | 27\% | \$816 | 16\% | \$201 | 17\% | \$67 | 18\% |
|  | 14 | \$4,709 | \$3,599 | 24\% | \$1,015 | 14\% | \$250 | 15\% | \$83 | 16\% |
|  | 15 | \$4,572 | \$3,669 | 20\% | \$1,347 | 12\% | \$331 | 13\% | \$110 | 13\% |
|  | 16 | \$4,438 | \$3,740 | 16\% | \$2,012 | 9\% | \$494 | 11\% | \$164 | 11\% |
|  | 17 | \$4,309 | \$3,813 | 12\% | \$4,004 | 7\% | \$983 | 9\% | \$326 | 9\% |
|  | 18 | \$4,184 | \$3,887 | 7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |

